

For the purchase of five acres of land adjoining the arsenal at Watertown, Massachusetts, five hundred dollars.

Arsenal, &c.

For the erection of a military laboratory and workshop at West Point, two thousand five hundred dollars.

West Point.

For the purchase of a lithographic press, of paper and ink, and for the employment of a suitable lithographer for the War Department, six hundred dollars.

Lithography.

For barracks at Fort Gratiot, five thousand dollars.

Barracks.

For the security of the Pea Patch island; for the construction of a new water-tank; and for gravelling the parade at fort Delaware, forty-one thousand three hundred and twenty-one dollars and fourteen cents.

Fort Delaware.

APPROVED, May 31, 1830.

STATUTE I.

CHAP. CCXVIII.—*An Act making a re-appropriation of a sum heretofore appropriated for the suppression of the slave trade.*

May 31, 1830.

[Obsolete.]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the unexpended balance of the sum of thirty thousand dollars, appropriated by the act, entitled "An act making an appropriation for the suppression of the slave trade," approved May twenty-fourth, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, be re-appropriated to the same object, pursuant to the act of Congress of the third of March, one thousand eight hundred and nineteen.

Act of May 24, 1828, ch. 98.

APPROVED, May 31, 1830.

STATUTE I.

CHAP. CCXIX.—*An Act to repeal the tonnage duties upon ships and vessels of the United States, and upon certain foreign vessels. (a)*

May 31, 1830.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That, from and after the first day of April next, no duties upon the tonnage of the ships and vessels of the United States, of which the officers and two thirds of the crew shall be citizens of the United States, shall be levied or collected; and all acts and parts of acts imposing duties upon the tonnage of ships and vessels of the United States officered and manned as aforesaid, so far as the same relate to the imposition of such duties, shall, from and after said first day of April next, be repealed.

Tonnage duties abolished as to American vessels:

SEC. 2. *And be it further enacted,* That, from and after the said first day of April next, all acts and parts of acts imposing duties upon the tonnage of the ships and vessels of any foreign nation, so far as the same relate to the imposition of such duties, shall be repealed: *Provided,* That the President of the United States shall be satisfied that the discriminating or countervailing duties of such foreign nation, so far as they operate to the disadvantage of the United States, have been abolished.

And as to foreign vessels on certain conditions.

APPROVED, May 31, 1830.

STATUTE I.

CHAP. CCXX.—*An Act to authorize the President of the United States to cause the present site of the national mint to be sold, and making an appropriation for completing the new buildings now erecting.*

May 31, 1830.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be authorized, and he is hereby authorized, to cause

Sales, &c.

(a) Acts relating to discriminating duties, vol. iv. p. 2.

to be sold, at such time, and on such terms as he may deem most conducive to the public interest, the site now occupied by the mint establishment, in Philadelphia, with the buildings and improvements thereon, and also to cause the proceeds of the said sale to be paid into the treasury of the United States.

Appropriation,
50,000 dollars.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That the sum of fifty thousand dollars be, and is hereby appropriated, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to be applied to the completion of the mint establishment at the new location, and for furnishing the same with the requisite machinery for conducting the operations thereof.

APPROVED, May 31, 1830.

STATUTE I.

May 31, 1830.

CHAP. CCXXVIII.—*An Act to amend the act, entitled "An act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the army of the revolution."*

Act of May
15, 1828, ch. 53.
Invalid pen-
sioners not to be
subject to cer-
tain deductions.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the second section of the act, entitled "An act for the relief of certain surviving officers and soldiers of the army of the revolution," approved the fifteenth of May, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-eight, shall not be construed to embrace invalid pensioners, and that the pension of invalid soldiers, shall not be deducted from the amount receivable by them under the said act.

APPROVED, May 31, 1830.

STATUTE I.

May 31, 1830.

CHAP. CCXXIX.—*An Act to amend the charter of Georgetown.*

Mode of ad-
vertising pro-
perty for taxes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That public notice of the time and place of sale of any real property chargeable with taxes in Georgetown, in all cases hereafter, shall be given once in each week, for twelve successive weeks, in some one newspaper in the county of Washington, in which shall be stated the number of the lot or lots, or parts thereof, intended to be sold, and the value of the assessment, and the amount of the taxes due and owing thereon; and that so much of the seventh section of an act of Congress, approved May twenty-sixth, one thousand eight hundred and twenty-four, as requires said notice to be given in the National Intelligencer, and in a newspaper in Alexandria, be, and the same is hereby repealed: *Provided*, That nothing in this act shall change the manner of giving notice of the sales of property owned by persons not residing in the District of Columbia.

Act of May
26, 1824, ch.
195, sec. 7.

Election of
Mayor.

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That on the fourth Monday of February next, and on the same day biennially thereafter, the citizens of Georgetown, qualified to vote for members of the two boards of the corporation of said town, shall, by ballot, elect some fit and proper person having the qualifications now required by law to be mayor of the corporation of Georgetown, to continue in office two years, and until a successor is duly elected, and the person having, at said election, which shall be conducted by judges of election appointed by the corporation, the greatest number of legal votes, shall be declared duly elected, and in the event of an equal number of votes being given to two or more candidates, the two boards in joint meeting, by ballot, shall elect the mayor from the persons having such equal number of votes.

Mayor pro
tem.

Sec. 3. *And be it further enacted*, That in the event of the death or resignation of the mayor, or of his inability to discharge the duties of his office, the two boards of the corporation, in joint meeting, by ballot shall elect some fit person to fill the office until the next regular election.