

not more than five thousand dollars or be imprisoned for a term of not more than two years, or both.

—for failure to extinguish before leaving fire.

“SEC. 2. That any person who shall build a fire in or near any forest, timber, or other inflammable material upon the public domain shall, before leaving said fire, totally extinguish the same. Any person failing to do so shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof in any district court of the United States having jurisdiction of the same shall be fined in a sum not more than one thousand dollars or be imprisoned for a term of not more than one year, or both.

Disposition of fines collected.

“SEC. 3. That in all cases arising under this Act the fines collected shall be paid into the public-school fund of the county in which the lands where the offense was committed are situated.”

Approved, May 5, 1900.

May 7, 1900.

CHAP. 384.—An Act For the appointment of an additional United States commissioner in the northern judicial district of the Indian Territory.

Indian Territory. Appointment of additional United States commissioner at Wewoka, authorized.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the judge of the United States court in the Indian Territory presiding in the northern judicial district thereof is hereby authorized and empowered to appoint an additional United States commissioner within said district, who shall be permanently located at Wewoka, in the Seminole Nation, and to prescribe by metes and bounds the portion of the district for which such commissioner is appointed.

Approved, May 7, 1900.

May 9, 1900.

CHAP. 385.—An Act In amendment of sections two and three of an Act entitled “An Act granting pensions to soldiers and sailors who are incapacitated for the performance of manual labor, and providing for pensions to widows, minor children, and dependent parents,” approved June twenty-seventh, eighteen hundred and ninety.

Pensions. Vol. 26, p. 182, amended.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That sections two and three of an Act entitled “An Act granting pensions to soldiers and sailors who are incapacitated for the performance of manual labor, and providing for pensions to widows, minor children, and dependent parents,” be, and the same are hereby, amended so as to read as follows:

Invalid pensions to disabled soldiers and sailors.

“SEC. 2. That all persons who served ninety days or more in the military or naval service of the United States during the late war of the rebellion and who have been honorably discharged therefrom, and who are now or who may hereafter be suffering from any mental or physical disability or disabilities of a permanent character, not the result of their own vicious habits, which so incapacitates them from the performance of manual labor as to render them unable to earn a support, shall, upon making due proof of the fact, according to such rules and regulations as the Secretary of the Interior may provide, be placed upon the list of invalid pensioners of the United States, and be entitled to receive a pension not exceeding twelve dollars per month and not less than six dollars per month, proportioned to the degree of inability to earn a support; and in determining such inability each and every infirmity shall be duly considered, and the aggregate of the disabilities shown be rated, and such pension shall commence from the date of the filing of the application in the Bureau of Pensions, after the passage of this Act, upon proof that the disability or disabilities then existed, and shall continue during the existence of the same: *Provided,* That persons who are now receiving pensions under exist-

—maximum. e t c., pension.

Determination of inability to earn support. Commencement and continuance of pension.

Provisos.