

TRADEMARKS

Declaration signed at Washington June 1, 1882

*Entered into force June 1, 1882*¹

Senate advice and consent to ratification February 25, 1884

Proclaimed by the President of the United States March 19, 1884

*Revived (after World War II) February 6, 1948,² pursuant to article 44
of treaty of peace signed at Paris February 10, 1947*³

23 Stat. 726; Treaty Series 180

DECLARATION

The Government of the United States of America and the Government of His Majesty the King of Italy, wishing to provide for the reciprocal protection of the marks of manufacture and trade, have agreed as follows:

The citizens of each of the high contracting parties shall enjoy, in the dominions and possessions of the other the same rights as belong to native citizens, or as are now granted or may hereafter be granted to the subjects or citizens of the most favored nation, in everything relating to property in trade-marks and trade-labels.

It is understood that any person who desires to obtain the aforesaid protection must fulfil the formalities required by the laws of the respective countries.

In witness whereof the undersigned, having been duly authorized to this effect, have signed the present declaration, and have affixed thereto the seal of their arms.

Done in duplicate original at Washington, this first day of June, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-two.

FRED'K T. FRELINGHUYSEN [SEAL]

FAVA [SEAL]

¹ An Act of Congress approved Aug. 5, 1882 (22 Stat. 298), gives the right of trademark registry to subjects of any foreign country which by law admits the like right for citizens of the United States.

² *Department of State Bulletin*, Feb. 22, 1948, p. 248.

³ TIAS 1648, *ante*, vol. 4, p. 325.